English for Lawyers 3

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Revision

The Law of Torts

The Law of Torts

- 1. How can we define a tort?
- 2. What can happen as a consequence of tortious conduct?
- 3. Compare:
 - 1. trespass to land and nuisance
 - 2. assault and battery
 - 3. false imprisonment and defamation
 - 4. libel and slander

The Law of Torts

Do exercise 143/VII

- DISCUSSION
 - analyze the cases in exercise VIII with a partner
 - discuss in class

Negligence



Concept of negligence

- involves situations where a lack of care by a person who was expected to provide it causes damage to another
- developed in English law in 1932 by the House of Lords
- Donoghue v Stevens [HL 1932], a.k.a. the Paisley snail case

Concept of negligence

- Donoghue v Stevens (HL 1932)
- Lord Atkin the 'neighbour principle'
- "You must take reasonable care to avoid acts or omissions which you can reasonably foresee would be likely to injure your neighbour."
- Who does Lord Atkin refer to as a neighbour'?

Concept of negligence

- negligent conduct may entail legal liability and warrant the payment of damages
- key concepts:
 - duty of care
 - reasonable foreseeability of harm (reasonable foresight)
 - standard of care
 - breach of duty of care

Duty of care and reasonable foresight

Think of situations which probably involve a duty of care!

Duty of care and reasonable foresight

- reasonable foreseeability of damage caused by a lack of care suggests there probably is a duty of care
- reasonable foresight harm that can reasonably be expected
- Think of examples of such harm and harm which might not be reasonably expected in a possible duty of care situation!

Standard of care

- judging whether a duty of care was breached requires knowing what standard of care is expected of the defendant
- general standard: conduct by a reasonable man in the given circumstances
- Reasonable man is a legal concept. What care do you think can be expected from him?
 - Free from over-apprehension and overconfidence

Standard of care

- What difficulties might arise in determining the care of a reasonable man?
- What about cases of professional negligence?
- professional negligence professional standard
- a body of experts will attest to common, standard and reasonable practices in the relevant profession

Breach of the duty of care

 if the defendant's acts or omissions were below the standard – breach of the duty of care is established

negligence is proved

Considerations in establishing a breach of the duty of care

- defendant's ability to stand the loss
- impact of the decision on the profession concerned
- future adjudication (setting precedents)
- the 'floodgates' argument

Breach of duty of care

Do exercise III – true or false?

Thank you for your attention!